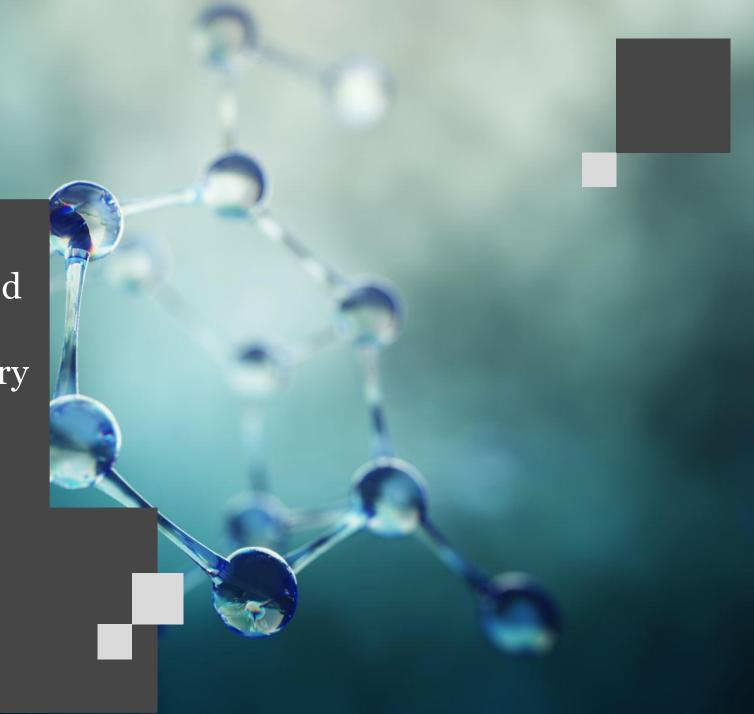
**GCPMH 2023** 

Harnessing the Potential of Sustainable Manufacturing and Circular Economy in the Indian Chemical Industry

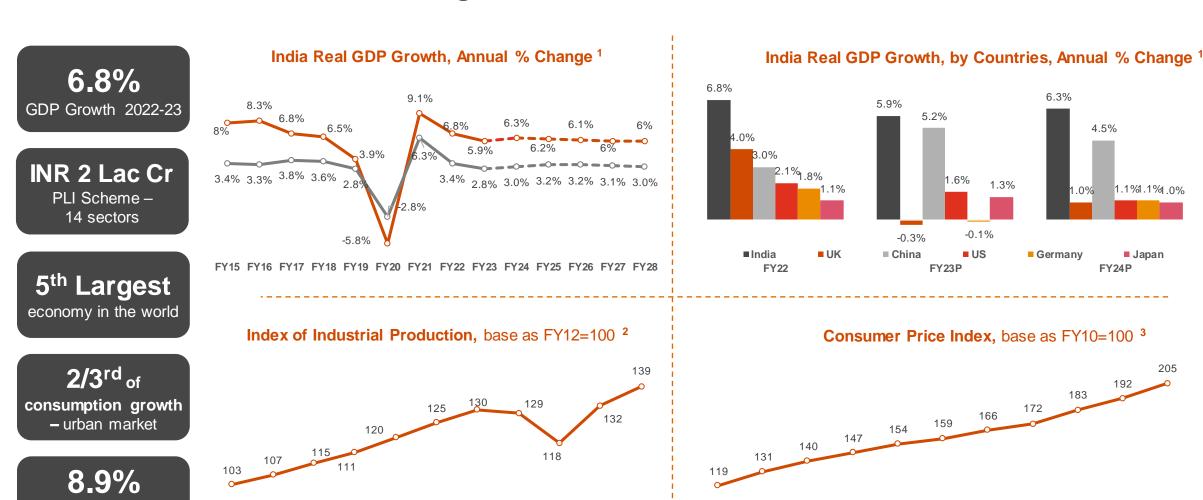
Shri Arun Baroka

27-28 July 2023





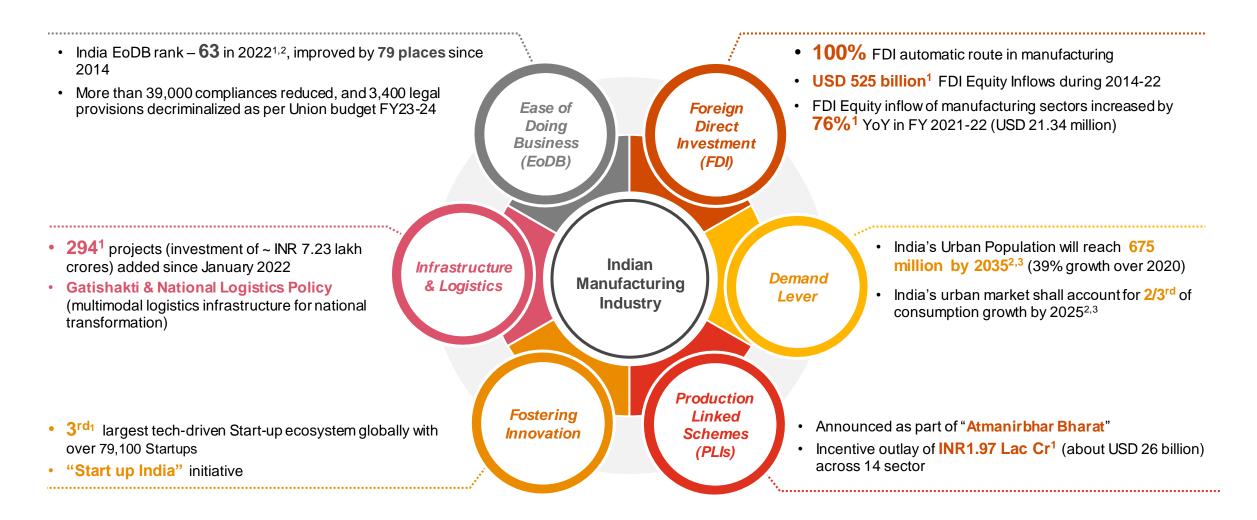
## Indian economy has shown extreme resilience through global economic slowdown and Ukraine-Russia war during FY 2022-23



Source: 1- IMF, 2-MoSPI, 3- World Bank; Government of India

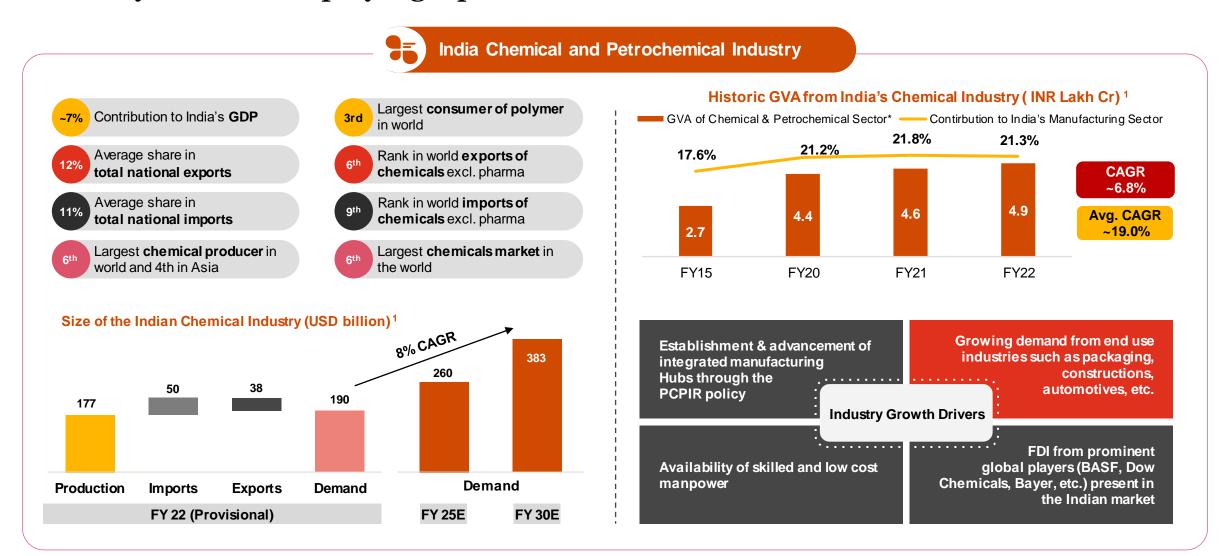
Per capita GDP Growth FY 2022-27

## Supported by the growth levers across policy reforms, demand and innovation, India's outlook remains strong to be a global manufacturing hub



Source: 1- Press Information Bureau Gol, 2-World Bank, 3- UN Habitat World Cities Report 2022

## Aided by policy incentivization and increasing domestic demand the Indian CPC industry has started playing a pivotal role in India's GDP



Source: 1- MoSPI, DCPC, IMF, Industry Sources

## Changing industry landscape is driving the Indian Chemical Industry towards the next wave of growth and presenting newer opportunities

#### **Global Trends**

02

03

### Shift of economic power

Emerging players drive consolidation and strive for selfsufficiency 01

### Changing lifestyle impacting demand

Wide demographic profile impacting demand patterns

#### **Opportunities for Atmanirbhar Bharat**

Consistently changing lifestyle to drive shift in domestic demand of chemicals and polymers in end-use sectors

#### Greater economic influence of India at global level due to

- · Government incentives and policies for Make in India
- Improved ease of doing business
- Rapid development of infrastructure to support manufacturing

Shift of trade route from Pacific to Indian Ocean Region expected by 2030

- India & China to become the largest manufacturing hub globally
- Ease of access to neighboring markets

Development of alternate maritime trade routes

Trade conflicts cause uncertainty and shift in global supply chains

### Accelerating integration

Consolidation for greater scale, portfolio prioritization downstream

#### **Sustainability**

ESG impact becomes management imperative, stricter regulations **Investments by petrochemical and downstream opportunities** by Indian O&G players due to ease of feedstock challenges and achieve scale to fortify competitiveness

Continued dependence on crude-oil derived products by India and other developing nations due to rapid demand growth vs dawdling supply growth (low capital availability) compared to developed nations

### High-growth prospects in relevant end-use sectors are expected to drive the demand for chemicals in the long-term

Industry Growth enablers –		Sectors	GDP Share <sup>1,2,3</sup>	Sector Projected Growth <sup>1,3,4</sup>	Sector Growth trends
			2022	2022-30	
Third-largest polymer consumer globally		Agriculture	18% GVA share	++	Demand growth from differentiated products
Rising penetration of polymer products due to lifestyle changes		Infrastructure & Construction	9% GVA share	+++	Accelerated capital investments through govt. initiatives
	âÙ	Automotive	6%	++	Increase in market penetration, demand rise of rubber, FDI inflow
Government incentives for Make in India		Packaging	5%	++++	Variable consumer buying patterns, focus on exports to EU
High demand drive of value-add polymers for high-performance		Chemicals	5%	+++	Focus on specialties & fine chem, demand from end-use sector
Stringent emissions	<b>%</b>	Electronics & Electricals	4%	++++	Govt. schemes, PLIs, large consumer base, 'Digital India' initiative
norms – sustainable, circular products/ solutions		Pharmaceuticals	2%	+++	Diverse consumer profiles and needs, lifestyle changes
Source: 1- Press Information Bureau Gol, 2-Invest India Forum, 3- India Brand Equity Foundation, 4- PlastIndia, Industry sources					Sector projected growth over 2022 →

### India is establishing itself as global manufacturing hub through earmarking strategic locations for integrated sustainable and circular PCPIRs

- Strategic locations at ports for domestic and global markets
- Availability of adequate land with govt. agencies/ developers
- Excellent connectivity
- · Investments in utilities and services

- Key occupier: ONGC Petro additions Limited (OPaL)
- Other investors: RIL, OPaL, ONGC, GACL, Petronet LNG, BASF, ABG, Adani, Welspun, Godrej & Boyce, GAIL, GSPC, Pidilite, Grasim, NOCIL, China Steel among others

refineries, Chennai & Nagapattinam

INR 1.2 Lac Cr.

> INR 73.5 '000 Cr.

- Institutional mechanism for management & implementation
- Deregulated industry with 100% FDI
- · Ready availability of technical & skilled manpower
- Opportunities management through PPP

- Key occupier: Indian Oil Corporation Ltd. (IOCL)
- Other investors: IFFCO, Paradip Phosphates Ltd, Paradip Carbon Ltd and Deepak Fertilizers & Petrochemicals
- Exclusive Plastics Park at Paradip Gopalpur industrial area & SEZ in vicinity

(000 Cr.

INR 8.1 '000 Cr.

**INR 15** 

- Key occupier: Hindustan Petroleum Corporation Ltd. (HPCL) led consortium with Total, Oil India, Saudi Aramco and Gas Authority of India Ltd. (GAIL)
- · Other investors: Visakha Refinery
- GMR is developing a greenfield captive port at Kakinada
- Covers 6 existing SEZs

MaterialScience, Chemplast in Cuddalore, and players such as Saint Gobain, Asahi in Sriperumbudur near Chennai

• Other investors: Tanfac Industries, Asian Paints, Bayer

• **Key occupier:** Chennai Petroleum Corporation Ltd. (CPCL)

Source: DCPC, FICCI, Industry Sources

## As countries are witnessing adverse impacts of climate change and waste management, need for sustainability has become crucial

# 01 Climate Change

- Rapid industrialization, combined with industrial emissions have accelerated deterioration of environment
- Impact of climate change is experienced globally with change in weather patterns and impact on economies

03

#### Overexploitation of natural resources

- Resource scarcity has led to increased resource price volatility and tighter environmental standards
- Increasingly stringent environmental regulation such as ban on single use plastics, etc.

02

#### Waste Generation & Management

- Growing urban population with increase in consumer spending is prime source of waste generation
- Poor waste management among individuals along with inefficient practices for waste disposal

Need for sustainability

04

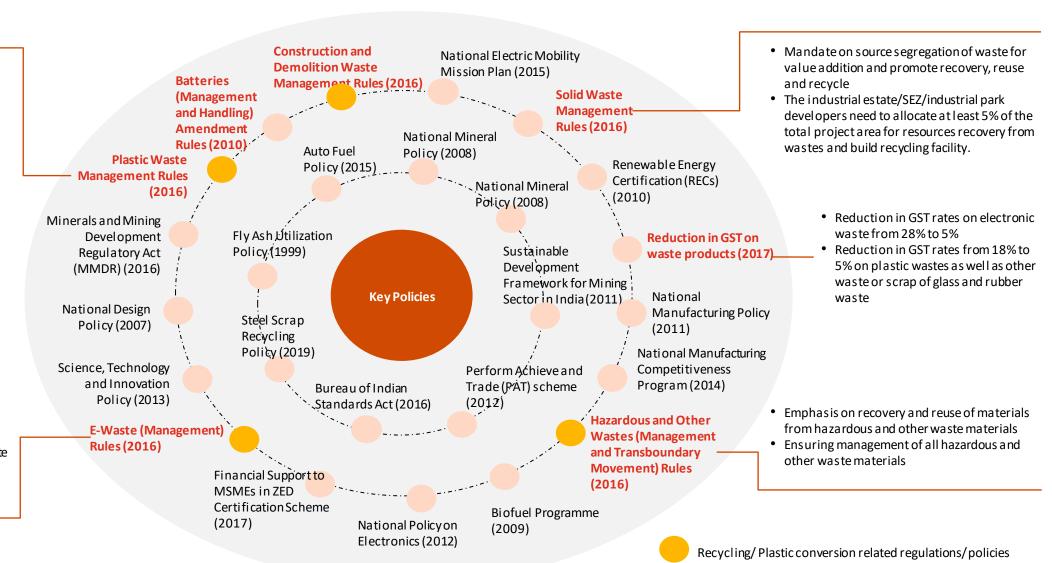
#### **Consumer Consciousness**

- Rise in consumer awareness on impact of products on environment
- Demand for more environmentally friendly and socially responsible products and services

## Indian government has also undertaken multitudes of initiatives to support adoption of circular economy

- Mandate on producers and brand owners to introduce collect back systems as per EPR
- Increase in minimum thickness of plastic bags to reduce free distribution by retailers
- Ban and penalties on manufacture of multi-layer plastic (non-recyclable or nonenergy recoverable or with no alternate use) packaging
- Plastic waste management fee through pre-registration of the producers, importers and vendors

- Responsibility to collect and recycle e-waste generated during manufacture process
- EPR to collect end-of life E-waste and properly store, transport and treat it before recycling or disposal



# Thank You